

秘密★启用前

## 资阳市高中2021级第二次诊断性考试

### 英 语

本试卷满分150分，考试时间120分钟。

注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、座位号和准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡上，写在本试卷上无效。
3. 考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

#### 第一部分 听力（共两节，满分30分）

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

##### 第一节（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例：How much is the shirt?

- A. £19.15.                          B. £9.18.                          C. £9.15.

答案是C。

1. What does the woman want to do?

- A. Work overtime.                B. Have a walk.                C. Take a ride.

2. Why does the man call the woman?

- A. To make an appointment.    B. To attain some information.    C. To put off his weekend trip.

3. How many dresses has the woman bought?

- A. One.                                B. Two.                                C. Four.

4. What's the relationship between the speakers?

- A. Waiter and customer.         B. Friends.                        C. Coworkers.

5. What are the speakers talking about?

- A. Their physics classes.         B. Their textbooks.                C. Their teachers.

##### 第二节（共15小题；每小题1.5分，满分22.5分）

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。

听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料，回答第6、7题。

6. What is the man doing?

- A. Running.                          B. Going shopping.                C. Buying medicine.

7. Why did the man put off the trip?

- A. His wife was ill.                      B. They wanted to ski.                      C. The weather was bad.

听第7段材料，回答第8至10题。

8. What does the man want to do?

- A. Quit his job.                      B. Give Tina a raise.                      C. Buy a car.

9. What is Rex?

- A. A dog.                      B. A hotel.                      C. A car.

10. What does the man promise the woman to do?

- A. Lend her money.                      B. Go to Whistler.                      C. Call her sometime.

听第8段材料，回答第11至13题。

11. Where was Matt when he received Jane's call?

- A. In the living room.                      B. In the bedroom.                      C. In the kitchen.

12. What does Matt find on the table?

- A. A newspaper.                      B. Jane's purse.                      C. Some plates.

13. How does Jane sound in the end?

- A. Angry.                      B. Relaxed.                      C. Surprised.

听第9段材料，回答第14至17题。

14. How does Betty find her classmates?

- A. Hard-working.                      B. Caring.                      C. Humorous.

15. Which does Betty like best?

- A. Mapo Tofu.                      B. Kung Pao Chicken.                      C. Fried eggs with tomatoes.

16. Which restaurant do Betty's roommates often go on Saturday?

- A. The Chinese restaurant.                      B. The Indian restaurant.                      C. The Italian restaurant.

17. What day is it today?

- A. Monday.                      B. Wednesday.                      C. Friday.

听第10段材料，回答第18至20题。

18. Where are the listeners most likely to be?

- A. At a hotel.                      B. On a bus.                      C. At a tourist spot.

19. When will the tourists arrive at the Grand Teton National Park tomorrow?

- A. 11:00 am.                      B. 12:30 pm.                      C. 1:00 pm.

20. What's the most popular activity for tourists in the Grand Teton National Park?

- A. Backcountry camping.                      B. Mountaineering.                      C. Fishing.

## 第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分40分）

### 第一节（共15小题；每小题2分，满分30分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

#### A

Here're some of the excellent inventions in 2023. Which one do you like most?

#### Whiter Paint

The paint on a white building reflects 80 to 90% of the sunlight that strikes it. The rest of the light warms the

surrounding area, raising air-conditioning bills. But the Whiter Paint is made of chemicals that better reflect UV rays. It reflects up to 98% of the sunlight, which could reduce AC use by 40%. “The heat is reflected into deep space,” says Xiulin Ruan, who led the Purdue University team that created the paint.

### Duolingo app

Now you can take music lessons on a smartphone, using this app, which uses an on-screen piano to teach basics such as harmony and beat. You learn by interacting with more than 200 popular pieces of music. Just match sounds to notes and play along. “You don’t need natural talent to learn music,” says Karen Chow, who’s a learning scientist at Duolingo.

### Model A

Model A, developed by Alef Aeronautics, is a two-seat all-electric vehicle with a flight range of 110 miles. And it looks as if it were made to be parked in a garage. In July, 2023, the Federal Aviation Administration gave Alef permission to take the vehicle on test flights. The company hopes to deliver the first Model A by 2026.

### Moonwalkers

They’re actually battery-powered shoes with wheels. They let you walk normally—just faster and more easily. Moonwalkers, made by Shift Robotics, use AI to sense when you’re speeding up or slowing down, and adjust themselves accordingly. With it, you can walk at speeds up to seven miles per hour.

21. What is special about Whiter Paint?

- A. It warms our buildings.
- B. It powers air conditioners.
- C. It makes us feel cooler.
- D. It absorbs more sunlight.

22. Which one is being tested?

- A. Whiter Paint.
- B. Duolingo app.
- C. Moonwalkers.
- D. Model A.

23. What do the listed inventions have in common?

- A. They are supported by AI technology.
- B. They can help us live an easier life.
- C. They were created by college teams.
- D. They are favored by the disabled.

### B

Geoffrey Holt was a “nobody” in the public eye. He worked in his eighties as a caretaker at a mobile home park in Hinsdale, New Hampshire.

Holt collected hundreds of model cars and train sets that filled his rooms. He also collected books about history, with Henry Ford and World War II among his favorite topics. Holt had an extensive record collection too, including Handel and Mozart. Very often, he’d find a quiet place and study financial publications.

After retiring, Holt did various jobs for others. Despite having taught driver’s education course to high schoolers, he’d given up driving a car. He opted for a bicycle instead and finally the mower (除草机). His mobile home in the park was mostly empty of furniture—no TV and no computer, either. The legs of the bed went through the floor.

But Holt did have two things. He had a big secret and an even bigger heart. He passed away in early 2023. In a move that surprised the tiny town of 4,200 people, he left all his worldly goods to the people of Hinsdale.

With his casual lifestyle, no one would have guessed that Holt had a wealth worth up to \$3.8 million! Holt, who earlier in life had worked as a production manager at a grain factory that closed down in nearby Brattleboro, Vermont,

spent his money on communications, hoping to earn more out of it. In the end, it was doing better than he'd ever expected.

Holt grew up in Springfield, Massachusetts. His father, Lee Holt, was a professor who taught English and world literature in a college. His mother, Margaret Holt, was an artist. Holt went to boarding schools and attended the former Marlboro College in Vermont, where students had self-designed degree plans. He graduated in 1963 and earned a master's degree from the college where his father taught in 1968.

Undoubtedly, Holt will be remembered forever.

24. What can we learn about Holt?

- A. He had a wide range of interests.                      B. He had always longed to be a driver.  
C. He possessed a mobile home park.                      D. He was often out of job while young.

25. How did Holt accumulate his wealth?

- A. By gaining his parents' help.                              B. By doing business in a field.  
C. By setting up a grain factory.                              D. By working hard after retiring.

26. What does the last but one paragraph focus on about Holt?

- A. His father's education concept.                              B. His educational experiences.  
C. His parents' love for him.                                      D. His early work dreams.

27. Which best describes Holt?

- A. Simple but other-centered.                                      B. Serious but straightforward.  
C. Daring and demanding.    D. Easygoing and ambitious.

### C

For the second year in a row, the National Autonomous University of Mexico (UNAM) has started the program AdoptAxolotl to boost conservation efforts for axolotls, an endangered Mexican salamander (蝾螈).

Most salamanders go through a big change which allows them to live on land instead of in water. But axolotls never do. They live their whole lives in the water. Axolotls are famous for their ability to cure themselves. If an axolotl loses a leg, or even part of its heart, brain, or lungs, it can re-grow them. Scientists have long been interested in how the axolotl does this, thinking the information could help solve some human medical problems.

There're several different kinds of axolotls in Mexico, all of whom are seriously endangered. The Mexican axolotl, which is the best-known, is only found naturally in Lake Xochimilco near Mexico City. This is not a big, open lake, but a collection of canals and smaller bodies of water.

Sadly, the number of axolotls in Xochimilco has dropped 99.5% in less than 20 years. People don't hunt them, then, how does this happen? One is that the water in the canals has become more and more polluted. Another is that there're a number of fish from other places in the lake which are eating the axolotl's food, and even their babies.

Last year, the UNAM scientists started AdoptAxolotl, asking people to donate to save the axolotl. They raised over \$26,000, which is being used to help clean up some of Xochimilco's canals and for a program to raise axolotls in a safe environment.

This year, the scientists are trying AdoptAxolotl again. The money raised will be used to support the scientists' work, and help restore the axolotl's natural home in the canals of Xochimilco. The scientists hope to raise enough money to do a careful count of how many axolotls are left in the wild, which will help them figure out the best ways

of protecting these amazing creatures.

28. What is the potential advantage of axolotls?

- A. Becoming healthy naturally again.                      B. Offering humans some medical tips.  
C. Adapting themselves to living on land.                D. Living a normal life though disabled.

29. What is a cause of the axolotl population decline in Xochimilco?

- A. Lack of land where they find food.                    B. Popularity of people hunting them.  
C. Loss of the waters where they live.                    D. Presence of many non-native fish.

30. What are the scientists trying to do about axolotls?

- A. Count their numbers and classify them.  
B. Build more lakes and canals for them.  
C. Remove them out of Lake Xochimilco.  
D. Improve their living environment.

31. Which of the following is a suitable title for the text?

- A. Protecting Axolotls Is in Progress  
B. Axolotls' Homes Are Polluted  
C. Adopt Axolotl Campaign Is Beneficial  
D. Scientists Are Worrying Axolotls

#### D

New research concludes people may struggle to differentiate between medical advice given by chatbots (聊天机器人) and human health care providers. Findings indicate chatbots, like ChatGPT, could be valuable tools in assisting healthcare providers in communicating with patients.

ChatGPT is trained to predict the most probable next word in a conversation using vast amounts of Internet data. It responds to user enquiries, learning from human feedback. However, it's not without limitations. ChatGPT, like other large language models (LLMs), can sometimes produce **biased** information and lacks the ability to perform true reasoning.

The research had 392 participants aged 18 and above who were presented with ten patient questions. Half of the responses to these questions were given by humans, while the other half came from ChatGPT. Participants then had to identify the origin of each response and rate their trust in the chatbot's answers from "completely untrustworthy" to "completely trustworthy". Participants could only correctly identify chatbot-given responses 65.5% of the time. Participants displayed the most trust in chatbots when handling the matters, such as scheduling appointments or addressing insurance enquiries, with an average trust score of 3.94. Preventative care questions, like cancer screenings, came next at 3.52. However, trust decreased for diagnostic (诊断) and treatment advice, registering scores of 2.90 and 2.89 respectively.

The study's results indicate the potential chatbots possess in aiding patient-provider communications, especially in areas like administrative tasks. But scientists have something to say regarding chatbots assuming more clinical roles. "Providers should exercise picky judgment when it comes to chatbot-given advice due to the limitations of AI models," researchers said in a statement.

The use of AI into healthcare is no longer a distant possibility but a rapidly evolving reality. This study offers a

glimpse (瞥见) into the ways we can expect to see AI platforms team with medical clinics. It also shows us improvements that are needed so that new technologies become effective aids and tools for both doctors and patients. These include the following.

32. Which is closest in meaning to “**biased**” in paragraph 2?

- A. Inaccurate.                      B. Indirect.                      C. Unnecessary.                      D. Unusual.

33. What affected the participants’ level of trust in chatbot responses?

- A. Their answers to chatbots’ questions.                      B. Their then physical conditions.  
C. The origin of each response.                      D. The nature of the enquiry.

34. What’s the scientists’ attitude to chatbots taking on clinical medical tasks?

- A. Disapproving.                      B. Unclear.                      C. Conservative.                      D. Positive.

35. What might the author continue talking about regarding the study?

- A. Possible reasons for its findings.                      B. Its major limitations in reality.  
C. Its influences on healthcare.                      D. Explanations of its methods.

## 第二节（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

When people in your organization come to you to discuss a problem, you give them your best answer and probably assume you’ve helped them.

\_\_\_36\_\_\_ You’re not being much help if you’re not really listening to them. We’re not talking about the mere act of listening, but the art of listening, known as active listening. How can you become a more effective listener? Here are some tips:

Be present. \_\_\_37\_\_\_. There’re so many things that make you lose focus in the office—many of them tech-related, like instant messaging and email—that you almost can’t help but half listen to anyone who speaks to you, whether it’s in person or by phone. What you need to do is purposefully practice active listening by bringing yourself fully into the conversation. \_\_\_38\_\_\_.

Give the other person your undivided attention. It shows respect and can have a positive impact on your entire exchange. It also means you’re less likely to misunderstand, or simply miss, what the person is saying to you. \_\_\_39\_\_\_ when a customer or coworker is telling you about a problem you already know how to solve before they’ve finished speaking. But part of active listening means you need to let them complete their full “download” to you before you respond.

Understand nonverbal (非语言) changes. \_\_\_40\_\_\_, but good listeners will also sense what is not being said, as well as what is verbalized. Learning how to read physical cues, such as facial expressions, takes practice. Improving these active listening skills will help you get the message and resolve problems faster.

- A. Well, it may not be that simple  
B. Listening naturally means hearing  
C. Of course, it’s easy to become impatient  
D. Wait for an appropriate moment to politely ask a question  
E. Be mindful and concentrate on the message, word for word  
F. Truly hearing what the speaker has to say requires your full attention

G. Good active listening skills apply when you're communicating with others

第三部分 语言知识运用（共两节，满分45分）

第一节（共20小题；每小题1.5分，满分30分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I was once a painfully insecure teenage girl. I felt 41 all day, and rejected by my classmates. My 42 comfort was to be the stage assistant at our school's theater.

One day, to my 43, actors from the great Oregon Shakespeare Festival came to perform for the school. One of them was Barry Kraft, who was a 44 leading actor. As I ran around backstage 45 him, he treated me with the casual 46 that he would show for friends in his living room. I 47 thought he was just making small talk to 48 the time before the performance.

That summer, I traveled to 49 Kraft's performance at the Oregon Shakespeare Festival. During one performance, I gathered my 50 and dropped him a note at intermission (中场休息), saying that if he 51 he could see me in the 15th row. Almost immediately I 52 sending the note, thinking he was too busy to see me.

After the 53, surprisingly, he was waiting for me! He smiled broadly, saying, "Would you like to visit backstage?" And off we went. Every time we 54 someone, he introduced me and said, "She helped me a lot." I found him 55 sincere with people. It was then that I 56 I'd been wrong about him that day.

My 57 just increased 800%. After all, a well-known man like Kraft was willing to take the 58 to communicate with me, which 59 I mustn't be so bad. From then on, I felt like a different person. 60, I successfully entered my dream university.

- |                     |               |                |                    |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|
| 41. A. responsible  | B. prepared   | C. hopeless    | D. confused        |
| 42. A. only         | B. new        | C. extra       | D. secret          |
| 43. A. surprise     | B. delight    | C. curiosity   | D. disappointment  |
| 44. A. reliable     | B. lucky      | C. famous      | D. generous        |
| 45. A. interviewing | B. following  | C. watching    | D. assisting       |
| 46. A. friendliness | B. eagerness  | C. forgiveness | D. skillfulness    |
| 47. A. temporarily  | B. originally | C. probably    | D. finally         |
| 48. A. share        | B. save       | C. kill        | D. find            |
| 49. A. assess       | B. see        | C. advocate    | D. polish          |
| 50. A. memories     | B. materials  | C. strength    | D. courage         |
| 51. A. looked down  | B. backed off | C. set out     | D. stepped forward |
| 52. A. suggested    | B. stopped    | C. regretted   | D. finished        |
| 53. A. discussion   | B. show       | C. travel      | D. introduction    |
| 54. A. asked        | B. reminded   | C. informed    | D. met             |
| 55. A. gradually    | B. normally   | C. merely      | D. really          |
| 56. A. agreed       | B. predicted  | C. forgotten   | D. realized        |
| 57. A. contribution | B. confidence | C. competence  | D. experience      |
| 58. A. risk         | B. chance     | C. time        | D. measure         |

59. A. indicated                      B. witnessed                      C. expected                      D. repeated  
60. A. As a result                      B. In that case                      C. As usual                      D. in contrast

## 第二节（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Huangmei Opera piece *On Sun Mountain* was presented by the Anqing Huangmei Opera Art Theater at the China Grand Theater of Pingju Opera in Beijing on Dec 4, 2023.

The story takes place on Sun Mountain, 61 the story of Li Anben, a telegraph operator in a small town at the foot of the mountain, unfolds. Initially 62 (describe) as greedy and lazy, as the plot 63 (progress), Li undergoes a remarkable transformation. Moved by the selflessness of the New Fourth Army soldiers, who sacrifice their lives 64 (save) his mother from Japanese invaders (侵略者), Li evolves. In the end, he joins the New Fourth Army 65 becomes a courageous soldier.

This Huangmei Opera adaptation 66 (skillful) introduces audiences to the beautiful tunes, elegant dance movements, and singing style that characterize the 67 (tradition) art form. The performance brings a fresh perspective (视角) to the stage, bringing viewers into a heartwarming tale of 68 (brave) and sacrifice, winning waves of applause. With this production, the Anqing Huangmei Opera Art Theater continues to ensure the vitality (生命力) of the treasured cultural heritage.

It is one of Anhui's finest 69 (play). Now, Anhui Province is organizing a tour of the excellent programs in Beijing, Shanghai, Nanjing, Hangzhou and some other cities, which runs 70 November, 2023 to January, 2024.

## 第四部分 写作（共两节，满分35分）

### 第一节 短文改错（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文，请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有10处语言错误，每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加：在缺词处加一个漏字符号（^），并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除：把多余的词用斜线（/）划掉。

修改：在错的词下画一横线，并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意：1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词；

2. 只允许修改10处，多者（从第11处起）不计分。

What would life like without music? I wonder how music started and when we first become interested in music. Music is a essential part of my day. It changes my feeling and put me in a good mood. There's nothing good to do on a train or bus than put on my headphones to listen to my favorite music. I like all type of music, from classical music and opera for jazz and rock. I'm always looking for something that sounds amazed. Sometimes I hear a song or piece of music on the radio or on TV I enjoy it very much. I always use my pocket money to pay online to download and saving the music.

### 第二节 书面表达（满分25分）

假定你是校英语报通讯员。你班刚举办了以“感知中国（Reading China）”为主题的读书汇报活动。请就该活动给报社写篇简讯，内容包括：

1. 目的；



2. 形式；

3. 反响。

注意：1. 词数100左右；

2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

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锦宏教育  
Jinhong Education



meaningful activities can be held more often.

## 第一部分

### 听力录音材料

#### Text 1

M: Hi, Tina. Let me give you a ride.

W: Oh, thank you, but I had a big dinner, and I feel like a bit of walk. You just drive to the office since you have to work extra hours to deal with your project.

#### Text 2

W: Hello, City Robot Museum. May I help you?

M: What are your opening hours for weekend?

W: From 9:00 in the morning to 6:00 in the afternoon on Saturday.

#### Text 3

M: We are actually having promotion for these dresses. You can get a free hat with every two dresses you purchase.

W: That is so nice. Then, I can get two hats. Can I have one in a similar color with the dress?

#### Text 4

W: Hey, Michael! Fancy meeting you here! Why not sit down and take some tea or something else?

M: Oh, hi there, Nancy. I got off work and I just wanted to get a cup of coffee here. And I ran into you by chance.

W: Yeah. What a small world!

#### Text 5

W: I think I got lost while listening to our new physics teacher's lesson this morning.

M: Me, too. We'd better read the textbook first before attending his class. Then it'll make sense, I suppose.

#### Text 6

W: Hey Jack! Hi!

M: Oh hi! How are you doing, Catherine?

W: Not too bad. Where are you headed so late?

M: Err, just to the convenience store on the corner. We've run out of milk.

W: I see. How's your wife? Did she get over that flu?

M: Oh yeah, yeah. Thanks. She's fine now. Actually, we had to put off this week's trip to Whistler for skiing because of it. But we are going next week.

W: Oh, you are? Skiing is great. It's important to stay active in winter.

#### Text 7

W: Mark, how is your new job, by the way?

M: Job's good. Thanks, Tina. I get along well with everyone there—my co-workers, management. And the pay is pretty good too. I'm saving up for a new car now.

W: Nice. Oh, do you have any idea how much a dog hotel might cost per day?

M: A dog hotel? Not sure. Around 40 dollars? Why?

W: Well, we're looking where to leave Rex while we are in Whistler. So, I need to find out if there's any good, reasonably priced place... We don't want to take him with us this time.

M: Oh. We could look after him, I guess. I'll have to check with my wife, though—see if she is okay with it. I'll ring you up later to discuss it.

W: Oh really? I mean, we'd be so grateful if you could.

### Text 8

W: Matt, this is Jane.

M: Hi, what's up?

W: Listen, Matt, I need your help. I couldn't find my purse when I was trying to pay at the supermarket, and it has my cash card and everything in it.

M: Is it in the bedroom? Let me go there...

W: No, I think it's in the kitchen. Could you look for it there?

M: OK. Hold on... Now I'm in the kitchen.

W: Can you see it?

M: No, sorry.

W: Is there anything on the table?

M: There are some plates... There's Helen's cup but no purse.

W: How about on the work surfaces?

M: I can't see it. There's only the newspaper.

W: Could you look under it?

M: OK. Oh, got it.

W: Oh, thanks, Matt. I was really worried. Please put it in the drawer of the desk in your bedroom.

M: OK. Bye. I'll go to work soon.

### Text 9

M: Hello, Betty, this is your Daddy.

W: Hi, Daddy.

M: What about your classmates? What are they like?

W: Well, we are from all over the world and have different personalities, but we care for each other.

M: I'm so glad you like them. Could you tell me the part of the city you live in? Any good places to eat at?

W: Actually yes. My roommates and I have eaten at many restaurants nearby. There's a really great Chinese restaurant. There're Kung Pao Chicken and Mapo Tofu, and much more. And my favorite is fried eggs with tomatoes. We often visit here on Friday evening.

M: Any pizza place there? I like pizza, you know.

W: There's an Italian restaurant down the street from us. My roommates often go there for pizza on Saturday.

M: Your mum likes Indian food. Is there any Indian restaurant?

W: Of course. Yesterday was Sunday, and we went there for its delicious mushroom soup.

M: Oh. You are making me hungry. Your mum and I are going to visit you next weekend.

W: That's great! Then I'll take you to have the delicious food.

### Text 10

W:

Hello, everyone! Welcome to Salt Lake City. Nice to meet you all. Now, let's drive to the hotel—the Courtyard by Marriott directly to meet and greet your fellow travelers. There are no activities planned for today, so relax and refresh and save your energies for tomorrow's tours. After having a good rest, take your time to explore the beautiful city. Visit the great Mormon Temple and follow through with a tour of the State Capital Building as well. OK, let me also talk about our tomorrow's plans.

Tomorrow, we'll gather at the gate of the hotel at 6:00 am. Half an hour later, we'll leave for Jackson Hole by tour bus (Four and a half hour drive) and set out on an adventurous tour at the Grand Teton National Park. I'm sure you'll like the adventure with hiking, mountaineering, backcountry camping and fishing, and the last one is the tourists' favorite, so why not have a try? The park is the home of Jackson Hole Valley and the towering Grand Teton peak of 4000 meters.

## 答案解析

### 第二部分 阅读理解

#### 第一节

#### A

【篇章大意】本文属于非连续类文本阅读。介绍了 2023 年四个优秀发明。

21. 答案：C

命题立意：细节理解题

答案解析：根据 Whiter Paint 中的 It reflects up to 98% of the sunlight, which could reduce AC use by 40%. 信息可知，这种涂料有助于降温。

22. 答案：D

命题立意：细节理解题

答案解析：根据 Model A 中 In July, 2023, the Federal Aviation Administration gave Alef permission to take the vehicle on test flights. 信息可知，该款飞行车型正在测试之中。

23. 答案：B

命题立意：细节理解题

答案解析：Whiter Paint 可以让我们减少 40% 的空调使用；Duolingo app 可以让我们学习钢琴变得容易起来；Model A 可以让我们出行变得容易起来；Moonwalkers 可以让我们行走方便起来，由此可知，这些发明可以让我们的生活更加方便容易起来。

#### B

【篇章大意】本文属于记叙文。杰弗里·霍尔特（Geoffrey Holt）在公众眼中是个“无名小卒”。但是这位低调的老人却是百万富翁，他将全部财产捐给了他所热爱的小镇。

24. 答案：A

命题立意：细节理解题

答案解析：第二段谈到：霍尔特喜欢收集汽车和火车模型，还收集有关历史的书籍，还收藏有大量的唱片，还喜欢研究金融出版物。这些说明，他志趣广泛。

25. 答案：B

命题立意：细节理解题

答案解析：根据第五段 Holt, who earlier in life had worked as a production manager at a grain factory that closed

down in nearby Brattleboro, Vermont, spent his money on communications, hoping to earn more out of it. In the end, it was doing better than he'd ever expected.信息可知，霍尔特是靠投资通讯领域积累了财富。

26. 答案：B

命题立意：段落大意题

答案解析：倒数第二段谈到：霍尔特上的是寄宿学校，曾就读于佛蒙特州前 Marlboro College 大学，并于 1963 年毕业；于 1968 年，他在其父亲任教的学院获得硕士学位。因此，本段主要在谈他的教育经历。

27. 答案：A

命题立意：推理判断题

答案解析：第一、三、四段谈到：虽然霍尔特拥有 380 万美元的家产，但 80 多岁了还在工作，家里也没有像样的家具，说明他生活简朴。他将自己的所有财产捐赠给了他热爱的小镇，说明他有“以他人为中心”的品质。

### C

【篇章大意】本文属于说明文。墨西哥蝾螈具有很高的科学研究价值，但是目前处于濒危状态，科学家们发起了 AdoptAxolotl 项目活动，以筹集资金支持拯救这种濒危动物的努力。

28. 答案：B

命题立意：推理判断题

答案解析：根据第二段 Scientists have long been interested in how the axolotl does this, thinking the information could help solve some human medical problems.可知，墨西哥蝾螈具有医学研究价值。

29. 答案：D

命题立意：细节理解题

答案解析：根据第四段 Another is that there're a number of fish from other places in the lake which are eating the axolotl's food, and even their babies..信息可知，非本地产的鱼类对墨西哥蝾螈不利，这是导致它们数量减少的一个原因。

30. 答案：D

命题立意：细节理解题

答案解析：根据倒数第二段 They raised over \$26,000, which is being used to help clean up some of Xochimilco's canals and for a program to raise axolotls in a safe environment.信息可知，目前科学家正在改进蝾螈的生活环境。

31. 答案：A

命题立意：主旨大意题

答案解析：全文主要谈了：墨西哥蝾螈有潜在的医学价值，但目前处于濒危状态，于是科学家发起 AdoptAxolotl 项目活动，以拯救墨西哥蝾螈，再结合第一段信息可知，A 项能够涵盖文章主题。

### D

【篇章大意】本文属于说明文。你能分辨出真正的人类医生和人工智能所给出的医疗建议吗？新的研究表明，这可能比你想象的要困难得多。

32. 答案：A

命题立意：词义猜测题

答案解析：根据该词前文 However, it's not without limitations 以及该词后部分 and lacks the ability to perform

true reasoning.信息可知，该词在此意为“不准确的”。

33. 答案：D

命题立意：细节理解题

答案解析：根据第三段 Participants displayed the most trust...when handling the matters, such as scheduling appointments or addressing insurance enquiries, with an average trust score of 3.94. Preventative care questions, like cancer screenings, came next at 3.52. However, trust decreased for diagnostic (诊断) and treatment advice, registering scores of 2.90 and 2.89 respectively.信息可知，参与者对机器人所给答案的信任度是随着问题类型的变化而变化的。

34. 答案：C

命题立意：观点态度题

答案解析：根据倒数第二段 But scientists have something to say regarding chatbots assuming more clinical roles. "Providers should exercise picky judgment when it comes to chatbot-given advice due to the limitations of AI models,"信息可知，科学家对于机器人用于医疗领域持谨慎保守态度。

35. 答案：C

命题立意：推理判断题

答案解析：最后一段谈到：这项研究让我们得以一窥人工智能平台与医院合作的方式。该研究还向我们展示了需要改进的地方，以便使新技术成为医生和病人的有效辅助工具。再结合最后一句 These include the following.信息可知，作者会继续谈：该研究对医疗领域会产生哪些影响（人工智能与医院合作方式以及哪些方面需要改进）。

## 第二节

**【篇章大意】**本文属于指导类说明文。介绍了如何在工作中提高主动倾听技能的几个方法。

36. 答案：A

命题意图：考查段落主题句

答案解析：上段谈到：当单位中的人来找你讨论问题时，你会给他们最好的答案，这时，你可能认为你帮助他们了。再结合本空后文 You're not being much help if you're not really listening to them.信息可知，这里在谈：事情并没有那么简单，因为如果你没有认真听他们的话，你就没有给他们太多的帮助，以引出下文谈主动倾听的话题。

37. 答案：F

命题意图：考查上下文衔接

答案解析：根据后文 There're so many things that make you lose focus in the office...that you almost can't help but half listen to anyone 信息可知，这里在谈：在倾听别人讲话的时候，需要你全神贯注。

38. 答案：E

命题意图：考查上下文衔接

答案解析：本空前文谈到：你需要做的是通过让自己完全融入对话，有目的地练习积极倾听，因此，本空应该接着谈如何进行积极倾听。

39. 答案：C

命题意图：考查上下文衔接

答案解析：根据后文 But part of active listening means you need to let them complete their full "download" to you

before you respond.信息可知，这里指：当然，当客户或同事在他们说完之前就告诉你一个你已经知道如何解决的问题时，你很容易变得不耐烦。

40. 答案：B

命题意图：考查上下文衔接

答案解析：根据本空后部分 but good listeners will also sense what is not being said, as well as what is verbalized 信息可知，本空在谈：倾听自然意味着听对方讲话，但好的听众不仅要听懂对方所谈的话，而且要感知没有说出来的意思。

### 第三部分 语言知识运用

#### 第一节

**【篇章大意】**本文属于记叙文。作者在中学期间，一直没有安全感，对自己没有信心。在俄勒冈莎士比亚节的著名演员巴里·克拉夫特（Barry Kraft）的鼓励下，作者最终走出困境，考上了理想中的大学。

41. 答案：C

命题立意：考查形容词

答案解析：根据前文 I was once a painfully insecure teenage girl 以及最后一段 I mustn't be so bad 信息可知，这里指：作者成天都觉得自己没有希望了。responsible 有责任的；prepared 准备好了的；hopeless 无望的；confused 迷惑的。

42. 答案：A

命题立意：考查形容词

答案解析：前文谈到：作者没有安全感，又被同学排挤。再结合本空后部分信息可知，这里指：作者唯一的安慰是在学校剧院当舞台助理。only 唯一的；new 新的；extra 多余的；secret 秘密的。

43. 答案：B

命题立意：考查名词

答案解析：根据前文 My...comfort was to be the stage assistant at our school's theater.以及本空后部分 actors from the great Oregon Shakespeare Festival came to perform for the school 信息可知，这里指：让作者感到高兴的是俄勒冈莎士比亚节的演员们来学校表演。

44. 答案：C

命题立意：考查形容词

答案解析：根据最后一段 a well-known man like Kraft 信息可知，这里指：巴里·克拉夫特很有名气。reliable 可靠的；lucky 幸运的；famous 著名的；generous 慷慨的。

45. 答案：D

命题立意：考查动词

答案解析：根据前文 My...comfort was to be the stage assistant at our school's theater.及后文 he introduced me and said, "She helped me a lot."信息可知，这里指：作者在舞台上帮忙。interview 采访；follow 跟随；watch 观察；assist 帮助。

46. 答案：A

命题立意：考查名词

答案解析：根据本空后部分 that he would show for friends in his living room 信息可知，这里指：作者与克拉夫特接触，作者的感受是：克拉夫特对她表现出很随意的友好，就像他在客厅里对待朋友一样。friendliness 友



好；eagerness 急切；forgiveness 原谅；skillfulness 技巧

47. 答案：B

命题立意：考查副词

答案解析：根据后文 It was then that I... I'd been wrong about him that day. 信息可知，这里指：作者当初认为克拉夫特只是在表演前闲聊。temporarily 暂时地；originally 起初；probably 可能；finally 最终。

48. 答案：C

命题立意：考查动词

答案解析：根据上下文，这里指：作者认为克拉夫特只是在表演前闲聊，以消磨时间。share 分享；save 节约；kill the time 消磨时间；find 找到。

49. 答案：B

命题立意：考查动词

答案解析：根据后文 he could see me in the 15th row 信息可知，这里指：作者去看克拉夫特的演出。assess 评价；see 观看；advocate 宣传；polish 打磨。

50. 答案：D

命题立意：考查名词

答案解析：前文作者谈到自己没有安全感，很自卑。再结合本空后部分 dropped him a note at intermission 信息可知，这里指：作者鼓起勇气，在中场休息时给克拉夫特留了一张纸条。memory 记忆；material 材料；strength 力气；courage 勇气。

51. 答案：A

命题立意：考查动词短语

答案解析：根据下文 he could see me in the 15th row 信息可知，这里指：如果克拉夫特往台下看，就能在第15排看见她。look down 向下看；back off 往后退；set out 出发；step forward 向前走。

52. 答案：C

命题立意：考查动词

答案解析：根据本句后部分 thinking he was too busy to see me. 信息可知，这里指：作者立马就后悔了。suggest 建议；stop 停止；regret 后悔；finish 完成。

53. 答案：B

命题立意：考查名词

答案解析：根据前文 I traveled to...Kraft's performance at the Oregon Shakespeare Festival. During one performance. 信息可知，这里指：演出结束后。discussion 讨论；show 节目；travel 旅行；introduction 介绍。

54. 答案：D

命题立意：考查动词

答案解析：根据本空前文“Would you like to visit backstage?” And off we went. 信息可知，这里指：克拉夫特与作者去舞台后台的路上，逢人就介绍作者，这让作者很受感动。ask 询问；remind 提醒；inform 通知；meet 遇见。

55. 答案：D

命题立意：考查副词

答案解析：根据前文 Every time we...someone, he introduced me and said, “She helped me a lot.” 信息可知，这里

指：作者感到克拉夫特真正为人真诚。gradually 逐渐；normally 正常地；merely 仅仅；really 真正地。

56. 答案：D

命题立意：考查动词

答案解析：前文谈到：克拉夫特对作者表现出随意的友好，就像他在客厅里对待朋友一样。但作者想他只是表演前闲聊，以消磨时间。再结合本空前部分信息“克拉夫特为人真诚”可知，这里指：作者这时才意识到之前她对克拉夫特的认识是错误的。agree 同意；predict 预测；forget 忘记；realize 意识到。

57. 答案：B

命题立意：考查名词

答案解析：上文谈到：作者自卑，没有安全感，再结合后文 I mustn't be so bad 和 From then on, I felt like a different person. 信息可知，这里指：作者这时的信心爆棚。contribution 贡献；confidence 信心；competence 能力；experience 经验。

58. 答案：C

命题立意：考查名词

答案解析：根据前文 thinking he was too busy to see me. 信息可知，这里指：忙碌的克拉夫特居然愿意花时间与作者交流。risk 冒险；chance 机会；time 时间；measure 措施。

59. 答案：A

命题立意：考查动词

答案解析：根据本空前部分 After all, a well-known man like Kraft was willing to take the... to communicate with me 信息可知，这里指：如此著名的人物愿意花时间与作者交流，这给了作者极大的信心，显示了作者并不是自己认为的那么不堪。indicate 显示；witness 见证；expect 期望；repeat 重复。

60. 答案：A

命题立意：考查介词短语

答案解析：根据前文 From then on, I felt like a different person. 以及本空后部分 I successfully entered my dream university. 信息可知，这里前后句有因果关系。as a result 因此；in that case 如果那样的话；as usual 像往常一样；in contrast 通过对比。

## 第二节

**【篇章大意】**本文属于新闻报道。黄梅戏《太阳山上》在北京中国评剧大剧院演出，为首都观众呈现了耳目一新的红色题材黄梅大戏。

61. 答案：where

命题立意：考查定语从句

答案解析：分析句子结构可知，本空所在句...the story of Li Anben, a telegraph operator in a small town at the foot of the mountain, unfolds 是定语从句，其先行词是表地点的 Sun Mountain，因本空在句中作状语，因此，这里填 where。

62. 答案：described

命题立意：考查过去分词

答案解析：本句的主语是 Li，再结合句意可知，这里指：故事主人公一电报局报务员“李安本”起初被描述为是一个贪婪和懒惰的人。

63. 答案：progresses

命题立意：考查时态

答案解析：本段在介绍故事的梗概，再结合本空上下文使用的时态可知，这里应用一般现在时。progress 属于一词多性，在这里作动词用。

64. 答案：to save

命题立意：考查不定式

答案解析：根据句意，这里要用不定式表目的。句意：新四军战士们牺牲自己的生命从日本侵略者手中拯救了他的母亲。

65. 答案：and

命题立意：考查连词

答案解析：分析句子结构可知，本句含有两个谓语动词：joins 和 becomes,而且在意义上它们属于并列关系，因此，这里填连词 and。

66. 答案：skillfully

命题立意：考查副词

答案解析：本空位于谓语动词 introduces 的前面，再结合句意可知，这里要用副词修饰动词。

67. 答案：traditional

命题立意：考查形容词

答案解析：本空前面有冠词 the，后面是名词 art，因此，这里要用形容词修饰名词。

68. 答案：bravery

命题立意：考查名词（词性转变）

答案解析：本空前面是介词 of,后面是 and sacrifice,再结合句意可知，这里要用名词，与 and sacrifice 形成并列结构。

69. 答案：plays

命题立意：考查名词单复数

答案解析：本空前面有 one of..., 说明这里要用名词的复数形式。

70. 答案：from

命题立意：考查介词

答案解析：从句意来看，这里指：安徽在组织这些优秀戏剧的巡演，时间从 2023 年 11 月持续到 2024 年 1 月。from...to...属于固定介词结构。

## 第四部分 写作

### 第一节

71. 答案：在 like 前加 be

命题立意：考查 be like 的用法

答案解析：like 是动词，意为“喜欢”；be like 表示“像……”，本句意为：没有音乐的生活将会是一个什么样子？

72. 答案：become→became

命题立意：考查时态

答案解析：本句意为“我想知道我们是在什么时候首次对音乐感兴趣的。”因此，应该用一般过去时态。

73. 答案：a→an

命题立意：考查冠词

答案解析：词组 essential part 中的 essential 是以元音音素开头的词组，因此，这里要用冠词 an。

74. 答案：put→puts

命题立意：考查主谓一致和时态

答案解析：本句的主语是 it，且用的是一般现在时态，因此，这里要用单数第三人称形式。

75. 答案：good→better

命题立意：考查形容词比较级

答案解析：本句中有 than put on my headphones 信息，因此，这里应该用比较级。

76. 答案：type→types

命题立意：考查名词单复数

答案解析：既然是所有的音乐形式，因此，这里要用复数形式。

77. 答案：for→to

命题立意：考查介词

答案解析：本句含有介词短语“from...to”，属于固定说法。

78. 答案：amazed→amazing

命题立意：考查形容词-ed 和-ing 用法

答案解析：amazed 表示“某人感到惊奇的”，amazing 表示“令人感到惊异的”。根据句意，这里应用后者。

79. 答案：去掉 it

命题立意：考查定语从句

答案解析：分析句子结构可知，这里的 I enjoy very much 是定语从句修饰 a song or piece of music，因此，这里的 it 是多余的。

80. 答案：saving→save

命题立意：考查不定式

答案解析：分析句子结构可知，这里的 save 应该与前面的 to download 不定式保持一致，且去掉 to，避免重复。